



**NOTICE OF INTENT
TO ADOPT A NEGATIVE DECLARATION**

TO: Interested Parties
FROM: City of Roseville
DATE: July 24, 2013

REGARDING: City of Roseville Special Events Ordinance

Public Notice is hereby given that a Negative Declaration (environmental report) is available for public review for the City of Roseville Special Events Ordinance Project

Project Location and Description: The proposed Special Events Ordinance applies Citywide and defines the type of events that require issuance of a special event permit by the City. Examples include, but are not limited to, concerts, parades, circuses, carnivals, fairs, festivals, street fairs, community events, water activities (such as boat races), mass participation sports (such as marathons and other running events), athletic or sporting events, historical remembrances or reenactments, theatrical performances or productions, pageants, dances, and community celebrations and observances conducted on public property or public rights-of-way. The ordinance identifies content of required applications, designates departments and staff responsible for receiving and processing applications, specifies City staff authorized to issue permits, identifies related application fees and service charges, and specifies applicable public health and safety requirements that must be followed. The ordinance also covers insurance requirements, grounds for permit denial, suspension and revocation as well as the appeal process. The most substantive ordinance revisions relate to special event application submittal and processing requirements. The proposed update does not identify new locations for special events which may continue to be approved on any City owned property or facility and within City right-of-way.

Document Review and Availability: The public comment will extend for 32 days starting **July 26 and ending August 26, 2013**. The Initial Study/Negative Declaration (IS/ND) is available for public review at the following location:

- City of Roseville Permit Center, 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, CA 95678 (8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M., Monday through Friday)

The IS/ND can also be viewed and/or downloaded at the City of Roseville web site via the following: http://www.roseville.ca.us/gov/community_development/edpn.asp

Comments/Questions: Comments and/or questions regarding the IS/ND may be directed to: Mark Morse, Roseville City Manager Department, 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, CA 95678 (916-774-5334).

Public Meetings: The Special Events Ordinance project IS/ND is tentatively scheduled for consideration and possible adoption by the Roseville City Council on **September 18, 2013**. City Council meetings start at 7:00 p.m. in the Roseville Council Chambers, 311 Vernon Street. Interested parties should call the Roseville City Clerk's Office to confirm meeting agendas, times, and dates (916-774-5263).



NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project Title/File Number: 2013 City of Roseville Special Events Ordinance

Project Location: City wide on public property or public rights-of-way

Project Description: The City of Roseville is proposing to amend and restate Chapter 9.36 of Title 9 of the Roseville Municipal Code relating to Special Events.

Project Applicant: City of Roseville Parks, Recreation and Libraries Department

Property Owner: City of Roseville

Lead Agency Contact Person: Mark Morse, Environmental Coordinator
City Manager Department, Development and Operations Division
311 Vernon Street
Roseville, CA 95678

DECLARATION: *The Environmental Coordinator has determined that the above project will have no significant effect on the environment and is therefore exempt from the requirement to prepare an Environmental Impact Report. The determination is based on the following findings:*

- A. *The project will not have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of rare or endangered plants or animals or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory.*
- B. *The project will not have the potential to achieve short-term, to the disadvantage of long-term, environmental goals.*
- C. *The project will not have impacts which are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable.*
- D. *The project will not have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.*
- E. *No substantial evidence exists that the project will have a negative or adverse significant effect on the environment.*

Public Review/Comment: The public comment period will extend for 32 days starting **July 26th** and ending on **August 26, 2013**. The proposed negative declaration is available for public review at the following locations:

Roseville Permit Center, 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, CA 95678 during normal operating hours (8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M., Monday through Friday).

Questions regarding the project or comments on the environmental document may be directed to: Mark Morse, Environmental Coordinator, City Manager Department, 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, CA 95678 (916-774-5334).

Meetings/Public Hearings: The Roseville City Council is tentatively scheduled to consider adoption of the Negative Declaration and project approval on **September 18, 2013**. City Council meetings start at 7:00 P.M. in the Roseville Council Chambers, 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, CA. *Interested parties should call the Roseville City Clerk's Department (774-5263) to confirm City Council meeting agendas, times and dates.*

Placer County Clerk: Please mail the original of this document back to City Clerk, 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, CA 95678.

INITIAL STUDY & ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

Project Title/File Number	City of Roseville Special Events Ordinance
Project Location	At City owned properties and facilities city-wide.
Project Description	The City of Roseville is proposing to amend and restate Chapter 9.36 of Title 9 of the Roseville Municipal Code relating to Special Events.
Project Applicant	City of Roseville Parks, Recreation and Libraries Department
Lead Agency Contact Person	Mark Morse, Environmental Coordinator City Manager Department, Development and Operations Division 311 Vernon Street Roseville, CA 95678
Phone Number	(916) 774-5334

This initial study has been prepared to identify and assess the anticipated environmental impacts of the above described project application.

This document has been prepared pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), (Public Resources Code, Section 21000 et seq.) and the State CEQA Guidelines (14 CCR 15000 et seq.).


Environmental Determination

In reviewing the information provided for this project, the City of Roseville has analyzed the potential environmental impacts and determined that the proposed project **could not have a significant effect** on the environment and a Negative Declaration will be prepared.

Prepared by:


Mark Morse
Environmental Coordinator

Date:


July 19, 2013

I. PROJECT PURPOSE AND DESCRIPTION

Background and Purpose

Special events in the City of Roseville have attracted large crowds bringing many benefits to the community. However, occurrences at or in connection with special events have on occasion included criminal conduct, disturbances, excessive noise, vandalism, crowd control problems, traffic congestion, littering, insufficient sanitary facilities, and public safety impacts on the surrounding business and residential community. The purpose of the Special Events Ordinance is to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the inhabitants of the city through the enactment of regulations for special events.

Project Description

The project is a proposal by the City of Roseville Parks, Recreation and Libraries Department to update and amend the existing Special Events Ordinance to better regulate events. The proposed 2013 Special Events Ordinance is currently available for public review and is the subject of this environmental analysis.

The proposed Special Events Ordinance defines the type of events that require issuance of a special event permit by the City. Examples include, but are not limited to, concerts, parades, circuses, carnivals, fairs, festivals, street fairs, community events, water activities (such as boat races), mass participation sports (such as marathons and other running events), athletic or sporting events, historical remembrances or reenactments, theatrical performances or productions, pageants, dances, and community celebrations and observances conducted on public property or public rights-of-way. The ordinance identifies content of required applications, designates departments and staff responsible for receiving and processing applications, specifies City staff authorized to issue permits, identifies related application fees and service charges, and specifies applicable public health and safety requirements that must be followed. The ordinance also covers insurance requirements, grounds for permit denial, suspension and revocation as well as the appeal process.

The most substantive ordinance revisions relate to special event application submittal and processing requirements. The proposed update does not identify new locations for special events which may continue to be approved on any City owned property or facility and within City right-of-way.

The proposed Special Events Ordinance may be reviewed at the City of Roseville Permit Center, 311 Vernon Street, during normal business hours. The proposed Special Events Ordinance is included as Attachment 1.

II. PREVIOUS CEQA DOCUMENTS AND PROJECT STUDIES/REPORTS

Previous Environmental Review and Applicable CEQA Documents

The City of Roseville, the Lead Agency for CEQA compliance for this project, has determined that an Initial Study shall be prepared in order to determine whether the potential exists for impacts resulting from the proposed project. EIRs and other project-specific studies and reports that have been generated to date, were used as the database for the Initial Study. The decision to prepare the Initial Study utilizing the analysis contained in the previous EIRs is sustained by Sections 15168 and 15152 of the CEQA Guidelines as discussed below.

CEQA Guidelines Section 15168 relating to Program EIRs indicates that where subsequent activities involve site-specific operations, the agency should use a written checklist to document the evaluation of the site and the activity, to determine whether the environmental effects of the project at hand were covered in the earlier Program EIR. A Program EIR is intended to provide the basis in an Initial Study for determining whether the later activity may have any significant effects. Program EIRs can also be incorporated by reference to address regional influences, secondary effects, cumulative impacts, broad alternatives, and other factors that apply to the program as a whole.

CEQA Guidelines Section 15152 addresses Tiering of environmental documents. "Tiering" refers to using the analysis of general matters contained in a broad EIR (such as one prepared for a general plan or policy statement) with later EIRs and negative declarations on narrower projects; incorporating by reference the general discussions from the broader EIR; and concentrating the later negative declaration solely on the issues specific to the later project. Agencies are encouraged to tier the environmental analyses which they prepare for separate but related projects including general plans and development projects. This approach can eliminate repetitive discussions of the same issues and focus the later negative declaration on the actual issues ripe for decision at each level of environmental review. The following Program and Project-level EIRs are hereby incorporated by reference according to CEQA Section 15150:

- City of Roseville Retention Basin Project EIR (January 2003) State Clearing Housing Number (SCH # 2002072084)
- Downtown Specific Plan (DSP) Project EIR (April 2009) SCH # 2007102090
- City of Roseville General Plan Program EIR (November 1992) (SCH # 92072064)
- Draft Subsequent Environmental Impact Report for the City of Roseville 2020 Transportation System Capital Improvements Program Update (January 2007) (SCH # 2006062086)
- The West Roseville Specific Plan (WRSP) Project EIR (February 2004) SCH # 2002082057¹
- The Sierra Vista Specific Plan (SVSP FEIR) SCH # 2008032115
- The Creekview Specific Plan (CSP FEIR) SCH # 2008032017

The above documents are available for review Monday through Friday, 8am to 5pm, at the Roseville Permit Center, 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, CA 95678 during normal business hours.

Analytical Methodology and Summary

The project consists of amendments to the City's existing Special Events Ordinance. Under the proposed Ordinance, special events may continue to be approved on any City owned property (such as City parks, on streets within City owned right-of-way and/or at other City owned buildings, structures or parking facilities) where the special event is consistent with uses allowed by site zoning, all applicable sections of the Roseville Municipal Code (RMC), and state and federal law. The amended Ordinance also addresses the following public health and safety issues and requires the Special Event Applicant to ensure that all aspects of the event comply with related requirements and/or any special conditions as determined by the City of Roseville Police Chief, Fire Chief, Public Works Director and/or other applicable City departments:

- Animal waste (collection and disposal)
- American Disabilities Act (ADA) (disabled access and parking)
- Sanitary facilities (chemical toilet and water closet requirements)
- Garbage/trash (collection and removal)
- Clean up and site restoration
- Lighting
- Crowd control/security

- Safety (fire protection, emergency communications, and access ways)
- Medical services
- Dust control
- Food (California Retail Food Code and California Health and Safety Code Section 113700)
- Alcohol (rules of the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control)
- Endangered species

Because special events are temporary and must comply with the proposed Special Events Ordinance, the RMC, state and federal laws, and health and safety conditions of approval, the Initial Study analysis finds that Ordinance adoption and subsequent implementation of special events consistent with the ordinance would result in either **no impact** or **less than significant impacts** on the environment and a Negative Declaration has been prepared.

III. CITY OF ROSEVILLE MITIGATING ORDINANCES, GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) allows the use of uniformly applied, previously adopted development policies or standards as mitigation for the environmental effects of future projects when those standards have been adopted by the City, with findings based on substantial evidence that the policies or standards will substantially mitigate environmental effects (CEQA Guidelines §15183(f)). The standards and policies adopted by the City Council which are uniformly applied to mitigate environmental impacts include:

- The City's Zoning Ordinance
- Noise Regulation (RMC Ch.9.24)
- Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance (RMC Ch.9.80)
- Traffic Mitigation Fee (RMC Ch.4.44)
- Drainage Fees (Dry Creek [RMC Ch.4.49] Pleasant Grove Creek [RMC Ch.4.48])
- Urban Stormwater Quality Management and Discharge Control Ordinance (RMC Ch.14.20)
- Stormwater Quality Design Manual (Resolution 07-432)
- City of Roseville Design/Construction Standards (Resolution 17-137)
- Tree Preservation Ordinance (RMC Ch.19.66)
- Subdivision Ordinance (RMC Ch.18)
- Community Design Guidelines (Resolution 95-347)
- Specific Plan Design Guidelines include standards and policies that are uniformly applied to development projects throughout the City.
- Development Guidelines Del Webb Specific Plan (Resolution 96-330)
- Landscape Design Guidelines for North Central Roseville Specific Plan (Resolution 90-170)
- North Roseville Specific Plan and Design Guidelines (Resolution 00-432)
- Northeast Roseville Specific Plan (Olympus Pointe) Signage Guidelines (Resolution 89-42)
- North Roseville Area Design Guidelines (Resolution 92-226)
- Northeast Roseville Specific Plan Landscape Design Guidelines (Resolution 87-31)
- Southeast Roseville Specific Plan Landscape Design Guidelines (Resolution 88-51)
- Stoneridge Specific Plan and Design Guidelines (Resolution 95-83)
- Highland Reserve North Specific Plan and Design Guidelines (Resolution 97-128)
- West Roseville Specific Plan and Design Guidelines (Resolution 04-40)
- Sierra Vista Specific Plan and Design Guidelines (Resolution 12-217)
- Creekview Specific Plan and Design Guidelines (Resolution 12-318)

In March 2003, the City of Roseville adopted Findings of Fact confirming that certain environmental impacts for the following issue areas are mitigated by the uniform application of the above ordinances, guidelines, and standards (Resolution 03-169):

- Flooding
- Urban Form/Aesthetics
- Tree Impacts
- Hazards/Hazardous Materials
- Water Quality
- Drainage
- Traffic

The City's mitigating ordinances, guidelines and standards are referenced, where applicable, in this Initial Study Checklist. Because the City of Roseville has adopted CEQA Findings that these Mitigating Policies and Standards substantially mitigate environmental impacts, no additional project-specific mitigation is required for the specified impact areas.

IV. INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

The initial study checklist recommended by the CEQA Guidelines is used to describe the potential impacts of the proposed project on the environment. Environmental issues identified in the checklist are followed by a discussion that includes recommended mitigation measures.

1. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including offsite as well as onsite, cumulative as well as project level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
2. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect is significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
3. "Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
4. "Less Than Significant Impact" applies where the impact does not require mitigation or result in a substantial or potentially substantial change of any of the physical conditions within the area affected by the project.
5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D).
6. Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page(s) or section(s) where the statement is substantiated.

I. Aesthetics

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			X	
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?			X	
c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?			X	
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			X	

Discussion:

Changes to the aesthetic environment due to special events held consistent with the amended Special Events Ordinance would be temporary. For example, some events may require temporary lighting (if held at night), signage, mobile equipment, minor changes to topography, and/or use of shade canopies or small structures which would be removed following the event. Furthermore the Special Events Ordinance requires that following the event the event sponsor clean and restore the event site to pre-existing conditions. Consequently the Special Events Ordinance Update project would result in less than significant impacts to aesthetic resource issues. No mitigation is required.

II. Agricultural Resources

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagricultural use?				X
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				X
c) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to nonagricultural use?				X

Discussion:

With one exception, there are no City owned properties that are actively farmed and support prime farmland, unique farmland or farmland of statewide importance, or Williamson Act Contracts. Furthermore, there are no adopted agricultural zoning districts in the City of Roseville. Special events by their nature are temporary and therefore do not create the potential for conversion of agricultural properties to nonagricultural use. Therefore adoption and implementation of the Special Events Notice would not result in conversion of farmland to nonagricultural uses, conflict with zoning or Williamson Act contracts.

The only exception to the above is the Al Johnson Wildlife Area (AKA Reason Farms and/or the Pleasant Grove Retention Basin property). This approximately 1,700 acre City-owned agricultural property comprises the western most portion of the City and is the site of the future City of Roseville Pleasant Grove Retention Basin project. The retention basin project was evaluated in the City of Roseville Retention Basin Project EIR (January 2003) (SCH # 2002072084). The property is currently leased for farming and primarily supports grazing, dry farming and rice production. The Al Johnson Wildlife Area includes Prime Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, Unique Farmland, and Farmland of Local Importance as designated by the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Department of conservation (City of Roseville, January 2003).

It is possible that special events held at the Al Johnson Wildlife Area could require minor temporary changes to topography, or occupation of the property (or some portion) for certain activities such as parking, spectator areas, performance stages or race courses. Such events would be timed not to interfere with normal agricultural activities and would not result in any permanent impact to agriculture. Furthermore the Special Events Ordinance requires that following an event the event sponsor clean and restore the event site to pre-existing conditions. Consequently adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would result in No Impact to agricultural resources.

III. Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				X
b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?				X
c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria for which the project region is nonattainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors), including greenhouse gas emissions?				X
d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				X
e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				X
f) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				X
g) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				X

Discussion:

Air quality impacts due to special events held in accordance with the updated Special Events Ordinance are as described in the City of Roseville General Plan EIR, as updated by the WRSP, Downtown, SVSP and CSP EIRs. According to these EIRs, land development and related community activities within the City would result in significant and unavoidable air quality impacts. These impacts were previously disclosed and the appropriate findings and overriding considerations have been adopted. All special events are required to comply with adopted Placer County Air Pollution Control District rules and regulations, including dust control as specific in Rule 228. The City of Roseville General Plan includes policies to address greenhouse gas emissions and the proposed Special Event Ordinance update will not result in any physical change, new effects or an increase in the severity of previously identified effects to air quality. Consequently the Special Event Ordinance project would result in no impact to air quality or greenhouse emissions.

IV. Biological Resources

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special-status species in local or regional plans, policies or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				X
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies or regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				X
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				X
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				X
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				X
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				X

Discussion:

Biological resource impacts due to adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would depend on the proposed event location. For example, events held in existing City parks, on paved streets or bike trials, or at developed City facilities (such as in parking lots, parking structures or other buildings or on improved grounds), would not result in biological impacts because they are either formally landscaped or otherwise improved/developed. Therefore, special events held in City parks, or on paved or improved surfaces would have no impact on biological resources.

For events proposed on City owned undeveloped or Open Space designated property, Section 9.36.100 of the amended Special Events Ordinance requires investigation of events by all City departments prior to approval. This section requires each department to determine whether the proposed special event can be held without violation of any provisions of the Ordinance, the Roseville Municipal Code, and/or state and federal law, including the state and federal Endangered Species Acts and National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). This determination must be made within 30 days after distribution of a

completed application by the special events coordinator. Following review, the Ordinance requires that City departments indicate their approval, disapproval, or conditional approval of the special event permit. As part of this review process City staff would either confirm that the proposed event does not have the potential for significant biological resource impacts, or impose conditions on the event to ensure biological impacts are avoided. If biological impacts can't be avoided the special events application would be denied without prejudice until such time that appropriate project level CEQA review can be completed. Therefore, because the proposed Special Events Ordinance requires biological resource review and denial of proposed events that may violate state or federal law (including environmental review and endangered species law and regulation), adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would have no impact on biological resources.

V. Cultural Resources

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historic resource as defined in Section 15064.5?				X
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?				X
c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				X
d) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				X

Discussion:

Cultural resource impacts due to adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would depend on the proposed event location. For example, events held in existing City parks, on paved streets or bike trails, or at developed City facilities (such as in parking lots, parking structures or other buildings or on improved grounds), would not result in cultural resource impacts because they are either formally landscaped or otherwise improved/developed. Therefore, special events held in City parks, or on paved or improved surfaces would have no impact on cultural resources.

For events proposed on City owned undeveloped or Open Space designated property, Section 9.36.100 of the amended Special Events Ordinance requires investigation of events by all City departments prior to approval. This section requires each department to determine whether the proposed special event can be held without violation of any provisions of the Ordinance, the Roseville Municipal Code, and/or state and federal law, including laws protecting historic (Public Resources Code Sections 5020.1(j) or 5024.1) or cultural (Public Resources Code Section 21083.2) resources and the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). This determination must be made within 30 days after distribution of a completed application by the special events coordinator. Following review, the Ordinance requires that City departments indicate their approval, disapproval, or conditional approval of the special event permit. As part of this review process City staff would either confirm that the event at the proposed site does not have the potential for significant cultural, historic, or archaeological impacts, or impose conditions to ensure such impacts are avoided. If a no impact determination can't be confirmed the special events application would be denied without prejudice until such time that appropriate project level surveys are completed and verify no impact to cultural resources. Therefore, because the proposed Special Events Ordinance requires cultural resource review and denial of proposed events that may violate state or federal law (including law protecting historic and cultural resources), adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would have no impact on cultural resources.

VI. Geology and Soils

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				X
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? (Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.)				X
ii) Strong seismic groundshaking?				X
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				X
iv) Landslides?				X
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				X
c) Be located in a geological unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse?				X
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				X
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				X

Discussion:

Geology and soils impacts due to adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would depend on the proposed event location. For example, events held in existing City parks, on paved streets or bike trails, or at developed City facilities (such as in parking lots, parking structures or other buildings or on improved grounds), would not be impacted by site specific geologic or soil conditions. Therefore, special events held in City parks, or on paved or improved surfaces would have no impact relative to geology and soils.

For events proposed on City owned undeveloped or Open Space designated property, Section 9.36.100 of the amended Special Events Ordinance requires investigation of events by all City departments prior to approval. This section requires each department to determine whether the proposed special event can be held without violation of any provisions of the Ordinance, the Roseville Municipal Code, and/or state and federal law. This determination must be made within 30 days after distribution of a completed application by the special events coordinator. Following such review, the Ordinance requires that City departments indicate their approval, disapproval, or conditional approval of the special event permit. As part of this review process City staff would either confirm that the proposed event does not have the potential for significant geology or soils impacts, or

impose conditions, such as the application of adopted City ordinances and development standards (discussed in the Introduction Section above) on the event to ensure impacts due to geology and soils are avoided. If geology and soils impacts can't be avoided the special events application would be denied without prejudice until such time that appropriate project level geologic and soils review can be completed. Therefore, because the proposed Special Events Ordinance requires geology and soils review and denial of proposed events that may violate related state or federal law, adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would have no impact on geology and soil resource issues.

VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				X
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				X
c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				X
d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				X
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				X
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing in the project area?				X
g) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				X
h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				X

Discussion:

Hazards and hazardous material impacts due to adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would depend on the proposed event location. For example, events held in existing City parks, on paved streets or bike trails, or at developed City facilities (such as in parking lots, parking structures or other buildings or on improved grounds), would not be impacted by site specific hazards or hazardous materials. Therefore, special

events held in City parks, or on paved or improved surfaces would have no impact relative to hazards and hazardous materials.

For events proposed on City owned undeveloped or Open Space designated property, Section 9.36.100 of the amended Special Events Ordinance requires investigation of events by all City departments prior to approval. This section requires each department to determine whether the proposed special event can be held without violation of any provisions of the Ordinance, the Roseville Municipal Code, and/or state and federal law. This determination must be made within 30 days after distribution of a completed application by the special events coordinator. Following such review, the Ordinance requires that City departments indicate their approval, disapproval, or conditional approval of the special event permit. As part of this review process City staff would either confirm that the proposed event does not have the potential for significant hazard or hazard material impacts, or impose conditions, such as the application of adopted City ordinances and development standards (discussed above in Section III.) on the event to ensure such impacts are avoided. If hazard and hazardous material impacts can't be avoided the special events application would be denied without prejudice until such time that appropriate project level hazard and hazardous materials review can be completed and the project conditioned to the satisfaction of the reviewing department. Therefore, because the proposed Special Events Ordinance requires hazard and hazardous materials review and denial of proposed events that may violate related state or federal law, adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would have no impact on hazard and hazardous material issues.

VIII. Hydrology and Water Quality

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				X
b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				X
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				X
d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				X
e) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted water?				X
f) Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				X
g) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				X
h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?				X
i) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				X
j) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				X

Discussion:

Hydrology and water quality impacts due to adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would depend on the proposed event and location. For example, events held in existing City parks, on paved streets or bike trails, or at developed City facilities (such as in parking lots, parking structures or other buildings or on improved grounds) which have existing flood protection, stormwater controls and conveyance systems would not be impacted by site specific hydrology or water quality issues. Therefore, special events held at locations situated above the base flood elevation, or on paved or improved surfaces subject to flood protection would have no impact relative to hydrology and water quality issues.

For events that result in non-storm water discharges and/or proposed on City owned undeveloped or Open Space designated property, or property located within a City designated flood plain, Section 9.36.100 of the amended Special Events Ordinance requires investigation of events by all City departments prior to approval. This section requires each department to determine whether the proposed special event can be held without violation of any provisions of the Ordinance, the Roseville Municipal Code (including the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance), and/or state and federal law, including laws and regulations of the local Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) and the Central Valley Flood Protection Board (CVFPB). This determination must be made within 30 days after distribution of a completed application by the special events coordinator. Following such review, the Ordinance requires that City departments indicate their approval, disapproval, or conditional approval of the special event permit. As part of this review process City staff would either confirm that the proposed event does not have the potential for significant hydrology and water quality impacts, or impose conditions, such as the application of adopted City ordinances and development standards (discussed in Section III. above) on the event to ensure such impacts are avoided. If hydrology and water quality impacts can't be avoided the special events application would be denied without prejudice until such time that appropriate project level hydrology and water quality reviews can be completed and the project conditioned to the satisfaction of the reviewing department. Therefore, because the proposed Special Events Ordinance requires hazard and hazardous materials review and denial of proposed events that may violate related state or federal law, adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would have no impact on hydrology and water quality issues.

IX. Land Use and Planning

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Physically divide an established community?				X
b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				X
c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				X

Discussion:

Special events are temporary and would not result in division of an established community.

The Special Events Ordinance requires that events comply with the Roseville Municipal Code, including Title 17 Zoning. The City's Zoning Ordinance outlines allowed uses for all properties in the City. Section 9.36.100 of the amended Special Events Ordinance requires investigation of events by all City departments prior to approval. This section requires each department to determine whether the proposed special event can be held without violation of any provisions of the Ordinance, the Roseville Municipal Code, and/or state and federal law. This determination must be made within 30 days after distribution of a completed application by the special events coordinator. Following such review, the Ordinance requires that City departments indicate their approval, disapproval, or conditional approval of the special event permit. As part of this review process City staff would confirm that the proposed event is consistent with allowed uses per the City's adopted zoning designation. If the special event use is inconsistent with site zoning the special events application would be denied.

There are no adopted applicable habitat conservation plans or natural community conservation plans that apply to Roseville so there would be no impact.

Per above, there would be no impact to land use and planning as a result of adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance.

X. Mineral Resources

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				X
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan?				X

Discussion:

No mineral resource impacts have been identified within the City of Roseville and the City of Roseville General Plan and adopted specific plans do not designate any important resource recovery sites. Consequently no such sites would be impacted by special events. Furthermore, special events are temporary and do not have the potential to result in the loss of known mineral resources that may be of value to the region or state. Consequently adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would result in no impact to mineral resources.

XI. Noise

Would the project result in:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				X
b) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				X
c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				X
d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			X	
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				X
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				X

Discussion:

The proposed Special Events Ordinance specifies required content of related special event application forms. Ordinance Section 9.36.070 requires that the application include a description of the time, location and type of music, sound amplification, or noise which will be part of the special event. As part of completing the application, the applicant is required to declare that sound generated by the event will comply with the City's Noise Ordinance. Furthermore, Ordinance Section 9.36.180 authorizes the City to revoke a Special Event Permit and therefore "shut down" a permitted event if any permittee, his or her agent, or employee operates or permits operation of any musical instruments, sound amplifiers, or sounds in general, in violation of the provisions of the City's Noise Ordinance (Chapter 9.24 of the Roseville Municipal Code). So while special events can result in a temporary increase in the ambient noise levels in the event vicinity, related noise impacts would be less than significant since events would be required to comply with the Noise Ordinance.

Depending on event location, there is potential for participants to be exposed to excessive aircraft noise. Such impacts are described in the City of Roseville General Plan EIR, as updated by the WRSP, Downtown, SVSP and CSP EIRs. According to these EIRs, roadway, railroad and fixed noise sources could cause significant and unavoidable noise impacts in certain areas of the City. In addition, the western portion of the City could be exposed to aircraft overflights from planes flying below 3,000 feet from aircraft flying in or out of McClellan Airfield in Sacramento County. Overflight activity can also occur from Sacramento International Airport or Lincoln's Airport. While this would not result in a significant noise impact, single event noise may be of annoyance to event participants. These impacts were previously disclosed in the SVSP and CSP EIRs, and the appropriate findings and overriding considerations have been adopted. Because the special events are required to comply with the City's Noise Ordinance, special event noise impacts are found less than significant.

XII. Population and Housing

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				X
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				X
c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				X

Discussion:

The special event ordinance would not induce population growth or displace existing residents or housing. There would be no impact to population and housing issues.

XIII. Public Services

Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the following public services:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Fire protection?				X
b) Police protection?				X
c) Schools?				X
d) Parks?				X
e) Other public facilities?				X

Discussion:

Section 9.36.100 of the amended Special Events Ordinance requires investigation of events by all City departments prior to approval. This section requires each department to determine whether the proposed special event can be held without violation of any provisions of the Ordinance, the Roseville Municipal Code, and/or state and federal law. This determination must be made within 30 days after distribution of a completed application by the special events coordinator. Following such review, the Ordinance requires that City departments indicate their approval, disapproval, or conditional approval of the special event permit. As part of this review process City staff would either confirm that the proposed event does not have the potential for significant public service impacts, or impose conditions to ensure implementation of appropriate public safety measures including but not limited to: crowd control/private security, lighting, restroom facilities, garbage collection, fire protection and emergency communications systems and access ways. If public services impacts can't be avoided to the satisfaction of the reviewing departments (including but not limited to the Police, Fire, Public Works and Environmental Utilities Departments) or the applicant is unwilling to provide or reimburse the City for the necessary services, the special events application would be denied. Therefore, because the proposed Special Events Ordinance requires public services review and denial of proposed events that may violate related state or federal law, adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would have no impact on public service issues.

XIV. Recreation

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				X
b) Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				X

Discussion:

The Special Events Ordinance is an existing City ordinance and special events currently occur at various locations in the City throughout the year. Proposed revisions are intended to update the ordinance to better define application requirements and regulate special events. These revisions are not expected to increase demand for parks or require construction of new facilities with the potential for an adverse physical effect on the environment. Consequently adoption and implementation of the Special Event Ordinance would have no impact on recreation.

XV. Transportation/Traffic

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths and mass transit.?				X
b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including but not limited to, a level of service standard and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads and highways?			X	
c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that result in substantial safety risks?				X
d) Substantially increase hazards due to design features (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				X
e) Result in inadequate emergency access?			X	
f) Result in inadequate parking capacity?			X	
g) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				X

Discussion:

Transportation and traffic impacts due to adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance are as described in the City of Roseville General Plan EIR, as updated by the WRSP, Downtown, SVSP and CSP EIRs and City of Roseville 2025 Transportation System Capital Improvements Program Update. According to these EIRs, City-wide buildout and the resulting use of City parks and facilities by the community would result in significant and unavoidable transportation and circulation impacts. These impacts were previously disclosed and the appropriate findings and overriding considerations have been adopted. The City of Roseville General Plan, and related EIRs as well as the City of Roseville 2025 Transportation System Capital Improvements Program Update contain policies and mitigation measures that serve to minimize transportation and circulation impacts. Therefore the traffic impacts of most special events are accounted for in City-wide traffic modeling. As such, for most special events, no impacts to transportation and circulation issues are expected.

However it is possible that some special events could be large enough to generate vehicle trips and parking demands that exceed available capacity. Section 9.36.100 of the amended Special Events Ordinance requires investigation of events by all City departments prior to approval. This section requires each department to determine whether the proposed special event can be held without violation of any provisions of the Ordinance,

the Roseville Municipal Code, and/or state and federal law. This determination must be made within 30 days after distribution of a completed application by the special events coordinator. Following such review, the Ordinance requires that City departments indicate their approval, disapproval, or conditional approval of the special event permit. As part of this review process City staff would either confirm that the proposed event does not have the potential for significant traffic and parking impacts, or impose conditions to ensure implementation of appropriate measures to reduce impacts. Such measures could include requiring the event be timed to avoid peak hour traffic, requiring officer directed traffic control at critical intersections, and/or use of a shuttle service and off-site parking. If traffic and parking impacts can't be avoided to the satisfaction of the reviewing departments (including but not limited to the Police, Fire, and Public Works) or the applicant is unwilling to provide or reimburse the City for the necessary services, the special events application would be denied. Therefore, because the proposed Special Events Ordinance requires transportation and traffic review and denial of proposed events that may violate City standards, adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would have no impact on transportation and traffic issues.

XVI. Utilities and Service Systems

Would the project:

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				X
b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				X
c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				X
d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				X
e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition of the provider's existing commitments?				X
f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				X
g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				X

Discussion:

Section 9.36.100 of the amended Special Events Ordinance requires investigation of events by all City departments prior to approval. This section requires each department to determine whether the proposed special event can be held without violation of any provisions of the Ordinance, the Roseville Municipal Code, and/or state and federal law. This determination must be made within 30 days after distribution of a completed application by the special events coordinator. Following such review, the Ordinance requires that City departments indicate their approval, disapproval, or conditional approval of the special event permit. As part of this review process City staff would either confirm that the proposed event does not have the potential for significant utility and service system impacts, or impose conditions to ensure appropriate utilities are made available including but not limited to: potable water, sewer collection and treatment, restroom facilities, and garbage collection and disposal. If utility and service system impacts can't be avoided to the satisfaction of the reviewing departments (including but not limited to the Public Works and Environmental Utilities Departments) or the applicant is unwilling to provide or reimburse the City for the necessary services, the special events application would be denied. Therefore, because the proposed Special Events Ordinance requires utilities and service systems review and denial of proposed events that may violate related state or federal law, adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would have no impact on public utility and service system issues.

XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance

Environmental Issue	Potentially Significant	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant	No Impact
a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				X
b) Does the project have impacts which are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects).				X
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				X

Discussion:

As discussed above, adoption and implementation of the Special Events Ordinance would result in less-than-significant impacts for the issues of transportation and circulation, noise and aesthetics and no impact for all other issues. Further, the potential less-than-significant impacts identified would be short term since special events by their nature are not permanent. Cumulative impacts and adverse effects on human beings as a result of implementation of the Special Events Ordinance in association with City wide buildout is examined in the General Plan EIR as updated by the WRSP, Downtown, SVSP and CSP EIRs and City of Roseville 2025 Transportation System Capital Improvements Program Update. Therefore the proposed Special Events Ordinance Update results in either less-than-significant impacts or falls within the scope of prior EIR analyses and would not result in additional impacts in these areas. This will result in **No Impact**.

Environmental Determination

In reviewing the information provided for this project, the City of Roseville has analyzed the potential environmental impacts created by this project and determined that the proposed project **could not have a significant effect** on the environment and a Negative Declaration will be prepared.

Attachment 1
Special Events Ordinance

ORDINANCE NO. _____

ORDINANCE OF THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ROSEVILLE AMENDING AND
RESTATING CHAPTER 9.36 OF TITLE 9 OF THE ROSEVILLE MUNICIPAL CODE
REGARDING SPECIAL EVENTS

THE CITY OF ROSEVILLE ORDAINS:

SECTION 1. Chapter 9.36 of Title 9 of the Roseville Municipal Code is hereby
amended and restated as follows:

9.36.010 Purpose and intent.

Special events in the City of Roseville have attracted large numbers of persons, bringing many benefits to the community. However, occurrences at or in connection with these special events have included criminal conduct, disturbances, excessive noise, vandalism, crowd control problems, traffic congestion, littering, insufficient sanitary facilities, and public safety impacts on the surrounding business and residential community. It is the purpose and intent of the City of Roseville in adopting this chapter to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the inhabitants of the city through the enactment of regulations for special events. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed so as to unlawfully abridge the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the government for a redress of grievances, nor to unlawfully prohibit the free exercise of speech or religion.

9.36.020 Permit required.

It is unlawful for any person to advertise, maintain, operate, sell or furnish tickets, or sponsor a special event in the city without the special event permit required by this chapter. The fact that a person possesses other types of state or city permits or licenses does not exempt the person from the requirements of obtaining a special event permit.

9.36.030 Term and scope of permit.

A special event permit issued under this chapter shall expire at the conclusion of the event for which the special event permit was issued. The special event permit authorizes the permittee to conduct only such special event as is described in the permit and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the permit. It is unlawful for a permittee or other responsible person to willfully violate the terms and conditions of the special event permit.

9.36.040 Definitions.

For the purposes of this chapter:

- A. "Applicant" means any person that seeks a special event permit as required by this chapter.
- B. "Application" means the special event permit application available from the city.
- C. "City property" means any building, facility, street, sidewalk, public right-of-way, park, or open space which is owned by or under the control of the City of Roseville.
- D. "Special events coordinator" means an employee designated by the city manager to receive and process special event applications and sign and issue special event permits.

6. If a tent or canopy will be used during or in conjunction with the special event, a copy of the applicable permit from the fire department shall be attached to the application.

7. A description of the time, location and type of music, sound amplification, or noise which will be part of the special event and statement of concurrence that all sound/noise generated will comply with the city's noise ordinance. Chapter 9.24 of the Roseville Municipal Code.

8. The admission fee to be charged, if any.

9. The name(s), address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the responsible person(s) in charge of the special event on the date of the special event.

10. The name, address, and telephone number of the owners of any property upon which the proposed special event, including automobile parking and other incidental uses, is to be held, and the exact location, legal description and area of the property. The application shall also include documentation showing that the applicant is the owner of the property upon which the proposed special event will be held or a written consent signed by the owner of said property permitting such use of the property.

11. A description of the proposed procedures for setup, operation, security, and crowd control.

12. A description of the type of advertising that will occur, if any, and a list of any promotional or directional signs.

13. The name, address, and phone numbers of all medical service or first aid providers that will be on site at the special event.

14. A description of how the applicant has mitigated and will mitigate the impact of the special event on the surrounding community.

15. A description of any city services or equipment requested for the special event.

16. A description of any animals which will be part of the special event and how animal waste will be contained and properly disposed of in accordance with applicable health and safety regulations.

17. If the special event is held in part on private undeveloped property, a statement from a qualified biologist that the event would not result in direct or indirect impacts to sensitive species or their habitats.

18. A description of how the special event provides accessibility for disabled individuals.

19. The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the person responsible for cleaning the special event site at the conclusion of the special event.

20. The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the person responsible for removing signage at the conclusion of the special event.

21. A copy of an event map shall be attached to the application packet. The event map shall include, but is not limited to, the following information, if applicable:

a. The location of the property on which the proposed special event and all related activities will be held;

b. The route of any parade, fun run, bicycle races, etc.;

- c. Street closures;
 - d. Entertainment and/or stage locations;
 - e. Sound amplification locations;
 - f. Vendor concession locations;
 - g. First aid facilities;
 - h. Sanitary facilities;
 - i. Parking areas, access ways to and within the special event site, and traffic circulation;
 - j. Event manager's command post;
 - k. The location of any temporary structures to be erected;
 - l. ~~The site of any fireworks or pyrotechnics;~~
 - m. Utility connection locations, such as power or water;
 - n. Trash receptacle locations;
 - o. Disabled access and parking locations;
 - p. Any other information as required by the special events coordinator or any city department.
243. Any supplemental information which the special events coordinator or any city department finds reasonably necessary to determine whether to approve a special event permit.
244. In addition to the above, for parades the application shall also include the following information:
- a. The assembly point for the parade and the time at which units of the parade will begin to assemble;
 - b. The starting point and termination point of the parade;
 - c. The parade route, including a simple map or sketch;
 - d. Whether the parade will occupy all or only a portion of the streets proposed to be traversed;
 - e. The intervals of space to be maintained between units of the parade;
 - f. The number, types, and size of floats;
 - g. The material and maximum size of any signs or banners to be carried along the route;
 - h. The estimated number of participants in the parade;
 - i. The type and estimated number of vehicles, animals, and structures which will be used at the parade; and
 - j. Whether attendants will be employed at the parade.

242. A detailed statement of the applicant's plans to fulfill the public health and safety requirements set forth in Section 9.36.090 of this code.

9.36.080 Fees.

- A. Application Fee. Every application for a special event permit shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable permit application fee, as established by resolution adopted by the city council from time to time.
- B. Service Charges. In addition to the nonrefundable permit application fee, the permittee shall pay the city for all city department service charges estimated to be incurred in connection with or due to the permittee's activities under the special event permit. Such charges include, but are not limited to, the following: (1) the salaries of city personnel involved in public safety, event traffic and/or pedestrian control, fire safety, water safety, or other facility or event support; (2) the salaries of city personnel involved in the administration or coordination of city services for or otherwise performing duties in connection with the special event; (3) the costs associated with the use of city equipment, materials, and supplies; (4) the costs associated with closure of city streets; and (5) other nonpersonnel expenses. Such service charges shall be paid by the permittee within 30 days of receipt of an invoice from the city. City department service charges shall not include costs incurred by the city to provide police protection to those engaged in expressive activity as that term is defined in this chapter.

9.36.090 Public health and safety requirements.

- A. Sanitary Facilities. The permittee shall provide sanitary facilities as follows:
 - 1. At least one water closet and one urinal, or in lieu thereof, two patented chemical toilets, for every 200 males, and at least one water closet or patented chemical toilet for every 100 females, unless the environmental utilities director finds that a lesser number is sufficient, in

which case he or she shall designate another number. If both sexes are admitted to any sanitary facility, for purposes of determining the required quantity of facilities, the persons attending said special event shall be assumed to be equally divided by sex.

- B. Garbage Collection and Removal. The permittee shall provide solid waste dumpsters to receive solid wastes at a ratio of one cubic yard of available receptacle space for each 250 persons which the special event permit allows to attend the special event and one 30-gallon trash container for every 100 persons which the special event permit allows to attend the special event.
After the conclusion of the special event and within the time frames specified in the special event permit, the permittee shall clean and restore all areas used for the special event, including contiguous public roads, sidewalks, rights-of-way, and easements. All areas must be restored to the same condition as existed prior to the special event.

- C. Lighting. If the special event occurs between sunset of one day and sunrise the following day, or if the special event permit allows any participant or person in attendance to remain overnight, the permittee shall provide such lighting, including light standards and electrical switches, and such power supply as the police chief and public works director find necessary for the public safety and welfare.

- D. Security Guards. As a condition of the special event permit, the police chief may establish the number of security guards the permittee is required to hire in order to maintain the public peace and safety. Security guards shall be charged with preventing violations of law and enforcing compliance with the requirements of this chapter. Security guards shall be uniformed in such a manner so as to be readily identifiable by the public as a security guard and shall

imposed to allow for adequate protection of event participants with the number of police officers available to police the event.

8. The special event will not move from its point of origin to its point of termination expeditiously and without unreasonable delays in route.

9. The location of the special event will substantially interfere with any construction or maintenance work scheduled to take place upon or along the city streets, or a previously granted encroachment permit.

10. The special event will occur at a time when a school is in session and the special event will be held at a location adjacent to the school or class thereof, and the noise created by the activities of the special event would substantially disrupt the educational activities of the school or class thereof.

11. The applicant fails to demonstrate that the issuance of the special event permit will not adversely impact nearby sensitive receptors as that term is defined in the city's noise ordinance, Chapter 9.24 of the Roseville Municipal Code.

12. The applicant has failed to demonstrate that the issuance of the special event permit will not adversely impact nearby institutions or businesses.

13. The applicant, his or her agent or employees, or any person who is exercising managerial authority on behalf of the applicant has engaged in misconduct or has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a permittee, including but not limited to, violent crimes, crimes against children, and drug-related crimes. A conviction

within the meaning of this section means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere.

14. Commission of any act, which, if done by a permittee, would be grounds for suspension or revocation of a special event permit.

15. The applicant has refused or cannot meet the requirements established by this code or city departments.

16. The special event would significantly impact natural resources or sensitive species and/or their habitat.

17. The required application fee or city service charges have not been paid.

18. The applicant fails or refuses to sign an indemnification agreement and/or submit proof of insurance to the extent required.

19. The special event would significantly interfere with the regular use of the special event site and/or facilities.

B. Notwithstanding the above, the applicant shall not be denied a permit solely on the basis that he or she has been convicted of a felony if he or she has obtained a certificate of rehabilitation under Section 4852.01 of the California Penal Code, or on the basis that he or she has been convicted of a misdemeanor.

9.36.150 Denial of permit—Right of appeal.

A special event permit may be suspended, conditioned or revoked if any permittee, his or her agent, or employee:

- A. Violates or fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the special event permit.
- B. Does any act which violates any of the grounds set forth in Section 9.36.140 which sets forth the grounds for denial of a special event permit.
- C. Violates any other provision of this chapter or any federal, state or local law or regulation relating to his or her permitted activity.
- D. Engages in or permits misconduct substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of the permittee.
- E. Conducts the special event in a manner contrary to the peace, health, or safety of the public.
- F. Fails to take reasonable measures to control special event participants' conduct, resulting in disturbances, vandalism, crowd control problems, traffic control problems, or creation of a public or private nuisance, or obstruction of the operation of a business.
- G. Operates or permits the operation of any musical instruments, sound amplifiers, or sounds in general, in violation of the provisions of the city's noise ordinance, Chapter 9.24 of the Roseville Municipal Code.
- H. Has knowingly made any false, misleading or fraudulent statement of material fact in the special event application or in any documentation required to be filed in conjunction with said application.

9.36.190 Suspension and revocation—Right of appeal.

- A. Any permittee aggrieved by the decision of the city manager in suspending, conditioning or revoking a special event permit may appeal the decision to the city council. Within 10 calendar days of receiving notice of the city manager's decision, the permittee shall submit a written notice of appeal to the city clerk, and on receipt of said notice, the city clerk shall set the matter for hearing at the next possible regularly scheduled meeting of the city council. Written notice of the time and place of such hearing shall be served upon the permittee at least five days prior to the date set for such hearing. Notice may be given either by personal delivery to the permittee, or by depositing it in the U.S. mail in a sealed envelope, postage prepaid, addressed to the person to be notified at his or her address as it appears in the special event application.
- B. If a written notice of appeal is not timely filed, the decision of the city manager shall be final.

9.36.200 New permit application after denial, suspension or revocation.

When the special event permit of any person is revoked or suspended, no new application for a special event permit from the same person shall be accepted within one year after such suspension or revocation. When an application for a special event permit is denied for cause, no new application for a special event permit from the same person shall be accepted within one year after denial unless the applicant can show a material change in the situation that would justify the issuance of such special event permit.

being reasonably foreseeable consequences of the permitted parade or special event; or (3) provide insurance coverage as required by this section.

D. If the special events coordinator determines, after consultation with the city's risk manager and the city attorney, that a particular use, event or activity does not present a substantial or significant public liability or property damage exposure for the city or its officers, agents and employees, the special events coordinator may give a written waiver of the insurance requirements of this section.

9.36.240 Immediate threat to public safety.

A. A police officer may require the permittee or responsible person to immediately terminate a special event and disperse all participants for the remainder of the special event whenever conduct by disorderly participants reaches a magnitude that presents an immediate threat to the public safety or well-being of the participants and general public in the vicinity.

B. Circumstances constituting an immediate threat to the public safety include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. There is an immediate threat of bodily harm or injury to a person or persons;
2. There is a clear and present danger of riot, disorder or unlawful interference with traffic upon the public streets.
- C. It is unlawful for any person to fail to comply with any directive issued by a police officer under authority of this section.

9.36.250 Unlawful to disrupt or participate in a special event without a permit.

It is unlawful for any person to interfere with or disrupt a lawfully permitted special event. It is unlawful for any person to participate in a special event with the knowledge that the sponsor of the special event has not been issued the required permit.

9.36.260 Penalties.

It is unlawful and a public nuisance to intentionally violate any of the provisions of this chapter. Violation of this chapter may be charged as either an infraction or a misdemeanor in the discretion of the city attorney.

9.36.270 Civil injunction.

The violation of any provision of this chapter shall be and is hereby declared to be contrary to the public interest and shall, at the discretion of city, create a cause of action for injunctive relief.

9.36.280 Administrative remedies.

In addition to the civil remedies and criminal penalties set forth above, any person that violates the provisions of this chapter may be subject to administrative remedies, as set forth by city ordinance.

9.36.290 Cumulative remedies, procedures and penalties.

Unless otherwise expressly provided, the remedies, procedures and penalties provided by this chapter are cumulative to each other and to any others available under state law or other city ordinances.

9.36.300 Severability.

The provisions of this chapter are hereby declared to be severable. If any provision, clause, word, sentence, or paragraph of this chapter or the application thereof to any person, establishment, or circumstances shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions or application of this chapter.

SECTION 2. This ordinance shall be effective at the expiration of thirty (30) days from the date of adoption.

SECTION 3. The City Clerk is hereby directed to cause this ordinance to be published in full at least once within fourteen (14) days after it is adopted in a newspaper of general circulation in the City, or shall within fourteen (14) days after its adoption cause this ordinance to be posted in full in at least three (3) public places in the City and enter in the Ordinance Book a certificate stating the time and place of said publication by posting.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Council of the City of Roseville this ____ day of _____, 20__ by the following vote on roll call:

AYES COUNCILMEMBERS:

NOES COUNCILMEMBERS:

ABSENT COUNCILMEMBERS:

MAYOR

ATTEST:

City Clerk